

EXCERPTS FROM:

**PULSE OF THE PLANET TAKEN TO TASK**

**Review of James Demeo's Pulse of the Planet #5, 2002  
(or, The End of the Road for Orgonomism)**

by

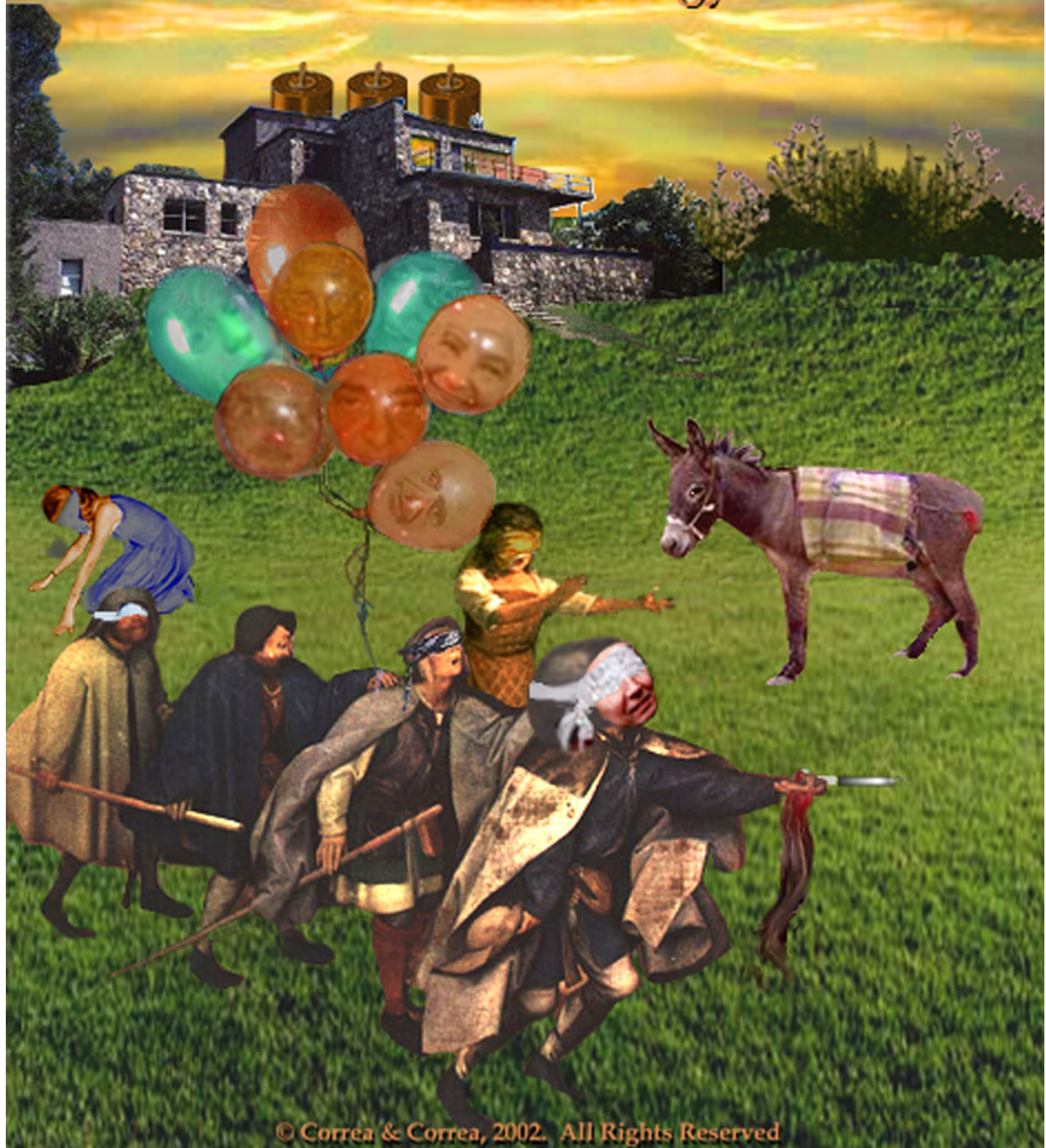
Paulo Correa, MSc, PhD  
Alexandra Correa, HBA

ISBN 1-894840-16-X  
© Correa & Correa 2002  
All rights reserved



# Saving the Best for Last

## Demeo & Co. on the Orgone Motor and 'Free'-Energy



© Correa & Correa, 2002. All Rights Reserved

PART IV - SAVING THE BEST FOR LAST:  
DEMEO & Co ON THE ORGONE MOTOR AND 'FREE' ENERGY

1. Demeo's rehashed little rubric on the Orgone Motor

Now we come to the Orgone Motor. If the truth be told, there is not much that Demeo has to say about it that has not been better said before, including by ourselves. But we will track all the slips, all the little lies and distortions here, too. The first fudge comes as a footnote to the title "The Orgone Energy Motor". Demeo claims that the present PP5 article <sup>(1)</sup> is a pamphlet originally circulated by him since 1986. Well, this may be true about the first page, but not part of the second and certainly not the third! Demeo fudgingly delineates the boundary by saying, about three quarters of the way into the article, "To the above, the following points can be added", but neither signals that this sentence, and the 'points' themselves, have been added after the original 1986 date, nor indicates the additions he has made in the body of the text preceding the "added notes".

Here is a priceless new addition IN the body of the supposed 1986 text:

"The [orgone] motor appears to have been initially connected to [the GM apparatus'] high voltage DC source, as a method to "priming the pump" [sic! gibberish!]."

This perfect piece of nonsense illustrates how thoroughly DeMeo and Nicholas Reiter deserve each other: put any DC potential across a Spinner motor, OR ANY AC MOTOR, let alone a high-voltage one, and it will cease spinning. This is elementary! - though clearly not for this intrepid team, bent on as rapid a manufacture of disinformation as they can muster.

Here is another gem. A year ago, these authors queried Demeo about a statement regarding William Washington that appeared in the 1986 monograph:

"William Washington has recently surfaced during a visit the Wilhelm Reich museum, however, and more information about the episode may be forthcoming". Demeo told us that he could not provide a reference to the episode, that he doubted it ever occurred, and that the statement should be removed from the pamphlet. Yet, removed it never was - it still stands, in all its glory, in the 2002 version: another little insinuation to strengthen the edifice of Reichian mythology. Every contribution counts.

But what truly shines through the new additions is the inability to grasp anything whatsoever of value regarding the Orgone Motor <sup>(2)</sup>. Palpable everywhere is Demeo's desperation to beat the Correas, to master the Aether Motor and the extraction of orgone energy from vacua - as if somehow we were in competition... The frantic suppression of any reference to our work is exemplary.

In the subreptitious "points added", Demeo begins (point 1, added in 2001 - as we know from a copy of this very same article that Demeo gave us when we invited him for a demonstration of the Orgone and Aether Motors) by venturing the possibility that the orgone motor runs on nothing other than DC currents: he anecdotally refers to how batteries that have died regain charge in the ORAC, mentions potato power en passant, and then stubbornly returns to the same amazing stupidity for which we took him to task in our response to his so-called 'Constructive Critique' of Volume 1 of Experimental Aetherometry <sup>(3)</sup>: that an orgone accumulator may spontaneously charge up an electroscope! Even an accumulator whose cage is not grounded will not do that. The only way to charge, inadvertently or not, an electroscope placed inside an ORAC is by rubbing its case against the Faraday cage on a very dry day, or by unwittingly conferring electrostatic charge to its leaf-stem system. By charging the case, a potential will develop in the electroscope over a short period of time. And in our First Volume of Experimental Aetherometry, which Demeo has supposedly studied, we have dismantled these myths about spontaneous electrical charging of electroscopes and RIGOROUSLY demonstrated how the effect of ORACs upon electroscopes is strictly non-electric, in the sense of not deploying any monopolar "electrostatic" charges!

Then comes his point 2 (added in 2002), where he writes:

"2. In the mid-1990s, a public debate occurred on internet between researchers Doug Marett and Paulo Correa suggesting that, besides the KS-9154 spinner motor, there were other variations such as the KS-8624 which were of similar construction. They additionally discussed the use of aluminum for construction of the rotor cup, confirming this author's belief that the device worked by virtue of eddy currents - which remain a mysterious force in nature, hardly understood in a deep manner though put to practical use by engineers."

Now, the actual lie in all this does not so much concern our public controversy with Douglas Marett (from which, with his typical 'male-feminist' chauvinism, Demeo removes the female participant, Alexandra Correa) - which focused upon whether or not the PAGD-inverter technology was the same as Reich's OR Motor (Marett, by the way, withdrew the offending document as soon as our rebuttal went on line!) - but the casually dropped remark: "confirming this author's belief that the device worked by virtue of eddy currents". This is something which we, and no one else before us, came up with - certainly not the Reichian who, in the presence of C. Bird, E. Mann, and others, told us (in 1979) that Reich's motor had a flush aluminum-like rotor. Read the record: in The Correa-Reich Affair, we clearly state, for the first time in the literature on the subject, that Reich's Spinner motors (plural) were eddy-current motors - precisely because for years Douglas Marett erroneously persisted, even after he himself went to Orgonon and confirmed our observation of previous years that Reich owned another Spinner motor (the KS-8624; it was no secret, since the motor was on display!), in claiming that Reich's motor was an hysteresis motor. Which it certainly wasn't.

And nowhere in the 1986 pamphlet, nor in the Additional Notes appended in 2001 of which Demeo personally gave us a copy, is there any mention by Demeo of eddy-current motors. On the contrary - it was we who mentioned it publicly as far back as 1987, and taught it to Douglas and his twin brother David. This is where Demeo's 'belief' originates.

The two other "added points", which were already partly present in the document Demeo gave us last year, are puffed up with a characteristic and laughable mysticism regarding a technology that, aside from Reich and ourselves, no one else knows or understands or can claim to understand. For instance, following the lead of the now-defunct Rothenberg, Demeo believes that a "clue" to the operation of the motor can be found in the supposed fact that Reich's motor "was regularly soaked inside a strong orgone accumulator" (2). Some "clue"! After having seen our demonstration of the principles of the Aether Motor, where a variety of special motors, including KS Spinners, were observed to run from simple two-layer ORACs, irrespective of whether or not the motors had been 'soaked' in an ORAC, Demeo has the courage of continuing to dispense such mystical idiocies.

But there is one more priceless gem, if somewhat sinister, added in 2002, which concerns an event in Demeo's 2001 seminar that so greatly focused on our then upcoming Aetherometry (to the First Volume of which we had, in good faith, given him restricted free access). This little jewel may well, one day, prove to be an indication of where all the disinformation that spreads from Demeo ultimately comes from: a cat hidden with its tail sticking out -

"A former Naval electronics engineer in attendance pointed out to the assembled group that the KS-9154 spinner motors were well-known in naval circles as "synchro motors", or more simply as synchros, and were widely used for radar targeting of large naval or anti-aircraft guns. One can, for example, find quite a lot of descriptive information on synchro motors in libraries and on internet."

Now, well before that quoted 2001 Greensprings seminar took place - and note that Demeo, who at the time was still ostensibly on good terms with us, never mentioned this event (a real measure of his bad faith, for which he will now be chastised by our printing, in toto, the letter he wrote to us, during the same period, regarding our work and Reich's OR Motor) - we had already told Demeo, this time under NDA conditions, that military people often incorrectly referred to Spinner motors as 'synchros', and we even told him why this was erroneous - even if he has now forgotten it. And it was entirely the original research we did to uncover where, why, and for what purpose these motors were developed, that revealed to him some of the military genealogy and applications of such Spinners (4).

That he now attributes these allusions to a Naval engineer involved with his organization is either a vicious provocation or a sinister joke that gives the true breadth of the grotesque disinformation Demeo peddles.

It is, for us, hard to envisage how any Navy of the world would be interested in the poverty of science that Demeo dishes out in his Greensprings cafeteria. The only possible value he can have is that of a Timothy Green Beckley or a Jim Keith: intentional disinformation. Target: Wilhelm Reich. Second Target: Correas. (Demeo should join the Rothwell chorus: "I hate the Correas!"). Real objectives: arrest the further development of thought and knowledge about nature and history; plunge science into sheer nihilism by a complete disregard for method. The systematic distortion of Reich's thought being the tool to achieve these reactive and reactionary objectives.

This from a fellow who did not even know, at the time we gave him our Aether Motor demo, that KS stood for Kearney System, the universal system Bell employed for the classification of the parts it

manufactured!

Anyway, we know today, far better than we did a year ago, exactly what it means "to be armored against the truth", and how it works. This is precisely what we have continually encountered amongst these Reichian circles during nearly three decades of dealing with them: they are, quite frankly, the most armored 'space-cadets' around. Precisely because their cults lack *Potestas*, their preferred weapons are suppression of understanding and obsessive distortion of events - most often through appropriation of the hard work of others. Our generosity has made us, for over two decades now, their target. They have sent us an unending supply of spies and have done everything they could to obstruct our work and bar us from access to Reich's material. On this, all Reichian quarters have behaved as one. The plague is now unquestionably in control of Reich's work. A plague of misfits. Already as far back as 1986, at a meeting which included Eva, Mann, Grad and the Marett twins and took place in Toronto (and we do know where), Paulo Correa - as was reported to us by the same Marett - was declared to be, next to Carlinsky, the worst enemy of orgonomy.

Seeing Demeo's mode of operation in PP5 has enlightened us as to the desperate nature of the need that prompted him to write his most tendentious, ignorant and biased 'peer- evaluation' of the first Volume of Experimental Aetherometry. It now seems that this man's intention, from the beginning, was to carry out the vengeance of the Reichian cabal. If he can publish and sanction the kind of garbage he has printed in PP5, all else he has written, including what he wrote about us, can be nothing more than the gratuitous acts of a narcissistic buffoon.

Are these the people that purport to have something to tell us about conspiracies? If they ever had power, State *Potestas*, in their greedy hands, what would anyone imagine they could secrete other than the worst, most poisonous, most egalitarian, most militant, most pompous and least enlightened fascism?

About these people, we simply say - "fuck'em!"

## 2. The Reiter 'examination' of the KS-9154

Also a year ago, prior to our demonstration of the Aether Motors, Demeo handed us a copy of the N. Reiter article, "Examination of the Western Electric KS-9154 Motor". Reiter is a "Photovoltaics Engineer" whose particular passions are ghostbusting and protecting people against abduction by aliens, and who obtained a few KS-9154s for Demeo. He acts as an eager stooge for the latter, passing in his Background introduction two essential pieces of intentional disinformation.

The first piece concerns the story of the "thief" who supposedly stole the KS-9154 motor from the Wilhelm Reich Museum. Reiter claims that the "thief" took the stolen Spinner to a motor shop where "the mechanic on duty said, it is claimed (!sic!) that he had never seen such a motor before. (...) Supposedly the motor did not run when AC current was applied, nor with DC, but only slowly and jerkily when pulsed DC was applied" <sup>(5)</sup>.



The reader is referred to the Appendix, entitled "The tribulated history of Reich's Spinner Motor(s)", where the true story behind Reiter's disingenuous account is reported to the best of these authors' knowledge. The "thief" was none other than Carlinsky, and he claims he wasn't acting alone. This is precisely what leads one to wonder why this piece of disinformation was included by Reiter to begin with, save to protect somebody's ass. Just note how Demeo and Reiter 'came across' their version of the events, with no reference other than "it is claimed"! But those who will read the story can make up their own minds.

It is not incumbent upon us to judge Carlinsky - we are only interested in the bare facts. Whatever psychotic attacks and silly or noxious ideas Carlinsky has had are irrelevant to this matter. For, over the years, we have come to realize, as that "tribulated History" shows, that individuals like Carlinsky are often manipulated by cabals of opportunists who later discard them to the dogs. But what is still more telling is the fact that the story, as recounted to one of us by Carlinsky (the horse's mouth...) in 1997, is certainly quite different from what Reiter reports - thus, once again, showing quite clearly that Demeo and his accomplices do not have the minimal concern for facts that should be the number one intellectual quality of any scientist. One may thus legitimately wonder whether the paranoid persecution that Demeo suffered at the hands of Carlinsky did not have deeper reasons than Demeo cares to publicly admit.

This vintage piece of disinformation by Reiter is accompanied by yet another, still more unlikely:

"Around the same time, in the late 1970's, I contacted Mr. Joe Daniels of Long Island, an electrical instrumentation engineer who claims to have acted as a consultant to Dr. Reich at the time of the orgone motor experiments. Daniels claimed to have been the one who procured the KS-9154 servomotors for Reich, and that the units had come from off the shelf at a local surplus house" (5).

After Demeo's insinuations about William Washington and his dubious and sinister usage of the 'Naval engineer', after Reiter's distortion of the Carlinsky incident - here comes Joe Daniels who secretly worked on the Orgone Motor (though he is never found or mentioned anywhere) and even claims to have purchased the very motors Reich used, for Reich himself (no less!), from a local surplus shop - no less!!

What utter bunk. Given what we have discovered about the origins of this and other Spinner motors, we most sincerely doubt that any of these motors could have been found anywhere in a surplus shop, because they were not declassified until 1953 (read our upcoming monographs on the subject), by which time Reich had already owned his KS-9154 for six years. Yes, this is a very interesting fact which Reiter's piece of pure disinformation entirely neglects - written as it was by someone who has not done his homework. The enigmatic Daniels (is he also dead by any chance?) did however give Reiter an alleged bone, by allegedly telling him that the "KS-9154 was typical of two-phase servomotors used at the time for positioning or instrument driving".

What else does Reiter have to say? Essentially he repeats the electric characteristics reported in the specification sheet quoted by Demeo in 1986, provides some lousy drawings of the motor and an



exploded view of it disassembled.

He also performs the basic tests indicated on that specifications sheet , and concludes that "the actions resemble those of a standard servomotor". Next, he reports a total impossibility which can only be an indication of his complete lack of powers of observation:

"we tried connecting the green [in fact, blue] phase wires to a small DC power supply, at about 3 volts. Surprisingly, the motor began turning slowly. A pair of D-cell batteries was substituted with the same result." (6)

The only way Reiter could have observed this, was if the other phase wires remained attached to a suitable AC supply - and the observation was made at contact or break, or with two wires anywhere inadvertently sparking across a DC (or AC) potential! There is no way that application of DC to one phase of these motors - whether or not the other phase is excited by AC - can make them move!!

From intentional disinformation we have thus progressed to misinformation - based, precisely, in the insufficient power of observation characteristic of those who are "armored against the truth". And in fact, without realizing the enormity of his misobservation, Reiter goes on to corroborate its misfit nature:

"Next, we took a 9-volt battery and connected it to the green phase [ie blue]. No rotation occurred, only a jittering (...). However, when we taped one green wire to a battery terminal with the other firmly connected, at the moment of contact the motor spun rapidly for a few turns. Thus it appears to respond to fast current spikes or pulses!"

My, my oh my! If our names were not anathema for Reichians - and Demeo's acolytes in particular - Reiter might even have referenced our PAGD inverter patent for the direct electromechanical transduction of plasma pulses! In this patent (7), we long ago demonstrated how a variety of motors, explicitly including two-phase eddy-current motors (Spinners), can be made and tuned to respond to a specific plasma discharge regime. In our Reich-Correa Affair (8) we also discuss how they can be driven from other plasma pulsation devices, such as strobotrons.

But, forget about us - Reiter could also have given some credit to Tesla , since it was Tesla who first reported that a variety of AC motors of his own design could be made to respond to pulsed discharges! Ah, but Tesla, too, is anathema to these Reichians...

Instead, it appears as if it was Reiter who came up with this lame observation: it responds to spikes!

After such nullity of research, Reiter then comes to the following conclusion, in the course of which he manages to improperly classify the supposed subject of that research, the KS-9154 Spinner:

"The KS-9154 (...) falls under the category of a drag cup or reluctance cup motor. The theory of operation is reasonably straightforward" (9)

and he goes on to 'explain' the induction and action of eddy-currents.

No, Mr. 'optical engineer' Reiter, drag-cup motors are not RELUCTANCE motors! Reluctance motors are synchronous motors devoid of drag and with minimal lag, in which the secondary circuit has salient poles that function without DC excitation.

So, what is the upshot of Reiter's paper?

On this, at least, Reiter is honest:

"We do not know whether Dr. Reich ever succeeded in running a motor entirely from the orgone, without AC on one phase." (9)

And since he has known - from Demeo - for nearly a year that we have not only succeeded in reconstructing Reich's OR Motor but also gave, a year ago, a demonstration of the same - as well as of our own Aether Motor - to Demeo, who witnessed in our laboratory Spinners being driven from ORACs, ground and antennas, what follows next is a striking testimonial to the extraordinary degree of suppression which our work deserves in the eyes of Demeo's acolytes:

"If William Washington is still alive, he is probably the only person who might possibly know..." (9)

So, after the honest statement, comes the dishonest one. For, as Demeo and Reiter know, we know, and know well. Reich's published work nowhere indicates that he had been able to move any Spinner without a subsidiary input of electricity, which would have to be AC, to one of the motor phases - just as Reiter reasoned. Moreover, from our own archeology of the OR Motor, Reich also needed a second input of electricity to drive the tube circuitry which he employed to synchronize and amplify the "orgone phase". It is very likely, in fact, that one of the main reasons why Reich became so concerned with the disappearance of Washington was because the motors the latter was presumably building would be crucial precisely to an attempt at bypassing the need for both inputs of electricity. But Reich never had a chance to pursue this further.

So, the fact is, WE are the only people who are alive and know how to run an OR Motor without those two inputs of electricity - we, who are the very object of the sordid suppression carried out in this 'rushed to publication' PP5!

### 3. Demeo on 'Free' energy... from the eighties.

The Reiter article is used by Demeo as a springboard for a few articles of his own on alternative energy ("The Earth-Atmosphere Electrical Potential as a Possible Source of Energy, PP5, p.225; "Renewable, 'Free' Energy from Nature: Personal Experiences and Net-Energy Analysis", PP5, p. 227). He comes, at last, to study the work of Oleg Jefimenko, from which he takes all his ideas (save for the use of a radioactive source to further increase the potential of the antenna to ground)

and to which he stingily gives a bit of credit, stating that the work pertains to "what is perhaps the only genuine and fully proven "free energy" type of motor, using electrostatic principles" (10).

But why does Demeo choose to go this route? Here is his answer:

"It is included here, as the principles appear related to Reich's orgone motor."

A perfectly gratuitous and unfounded assertion! Which principles? How?

Demeo claims that this particular article was penned in 1980 for a seminar. But we know the real reasons why it is being presented in this PP5 and why Demeo made the above preposterous statement. These reasons are most interesting to examine and follow through. As any reader can ascertain with a minimum of effort, Demeo's criticism of our Volume I of *Experimental Aetherometry* is inextricably rooted in Demeo's conviction that orgone energy is essentially the same as the action of electrostatic charges. He goes through all kinds of contortions, as does Baker with his "novel" meter, but what they end up measuring is always and only DC potentials or, what is the same, electrostatic potentials. They fervently want orgone not to be the same as electricity - but they proceed to amalgamate it to monopolar, electrostatic electricity, often confusing it with negative electricity - while entirely disregarding the simple aetherometric facts which demonstrate that there is another type of electricity, not monopolar but ambipolar, not "electrostatic" but "electrodynamic", not inertial but massfree, with a spectrum which we alone have identified and which is now published!

In our earlier Counter-Critique to Demeo (3) we dismantled (once again) these tired misconceptions, by drawing attention to our published experimental work which clearly demonstrates that the electroscopic and thermal effects of ORACs are not electrical, not electrostatic, and not explainable by monopolar electric fields. But Demeo is an incredibly stubborn individual, and so he goes to his warehouse of misconceptions looking for materials from which to build himself a barricade against the aetherometric onslaught. He is convinced that ORACs can spontaneously charge electroscopes (which they cannot); he is convinced that Reiter is right - that DC potentials (incorrect), or at least pulsed DC (correct), are sufficient to drive the second phase of a Spinner motor (as if the latter could not be done with any other ordinary AC induction or synchronous motor!!); he knows that Baker is cunningly making DC measurements; and he remembers that Jefimenko succeeded in driving electrostatic motors from atmospheric electrostatic charges obtained from either antennas or balloons (which prompts Demeo to carry his notional antenna to...the ionosphere! By balloon).

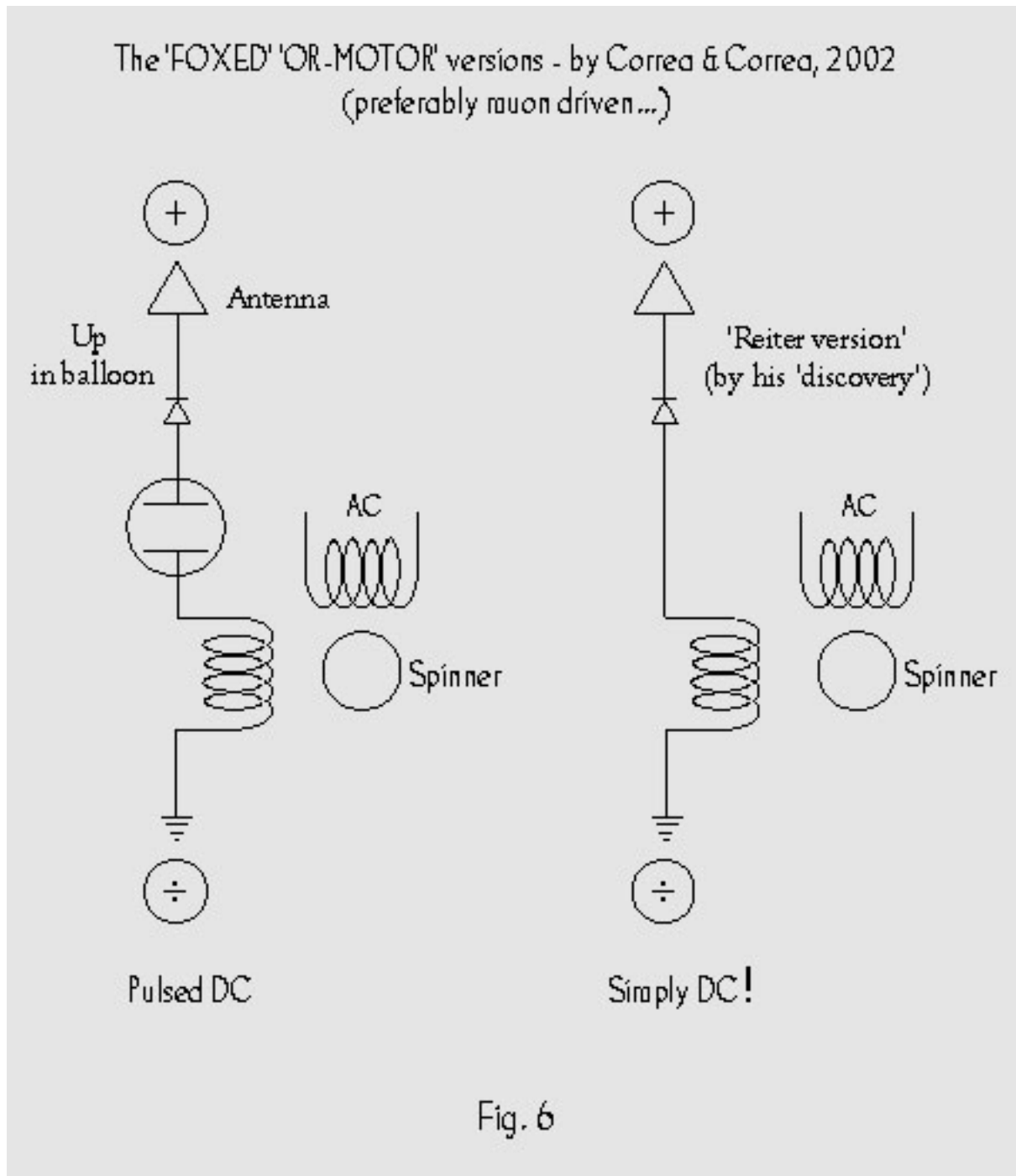
Now to the essential. Armed with this combination of truths, half-truths and errors, Demeo also remembers how we demonstrated to him a Spinner Motor being driven from a 10 meter tall outdoor antenna in the middle of the yard, and the ground.

So, he thinks he has foxed us - that he has figured out how we must be running our motors: by a combination of Jefimenko with Reich a la Reiter. Here it goes, the deep, as yet unwritten thought of these idiots, which we can surmise at a distance:

"With one phase being provided by AC, and the other connected so that the electrostatic charges

from an antenna can trigger a tube to produce pulses fed to the other phase, the Correias could have easily made their motor move".

No, neither Reiter nor Demeo wrote this - but we are anticipating their PP6, where they will put together their brilliant conclusions to design what we could call the 'FOXED' 'OR MOTOR' and variants, as shown in OUR Figure 6.



You see, dear or undear reader, Demeo & Co's reasoning is so mechanistic and attached to monopolar electricity, that this is likely to be their best shot. That's all they know in life. Of course, the pulsed arrangement would work, even though erratically and unreliably. Not with a 10 meter antenna - very anomalous weather conditions would be needed for a 10 meter antenna to develop high-end electrostatic potentials like those of 120V/meter reported by Jefimenko , with sufficient current to trigger a suitable plasma pulsation device. To bypass the need for a tube, one might even employ any of a variety of mechanical devices that could be made to discharge interruptedly, such as pendulum clocks, or others which Demeo cites <sup>(10)</sup> - without, once again, giving any credit whatsoever to Tesla, who first invented them and first described them in his patent for an apparatus that captured ambient radiation of precisely monopolar charge fluxes (be they muons...) - the same Tesla who actually inspired part of Jefimenko's work (not to mention Reich's). Vintage Demeo - does not read the literature, suppresses relevant literature and appropriates as his own the work of others.

However, in his attempt to figure out the Aether Motor - without so much as a mention of the demonstration we gave him! - Demeo is sorely wrong and barking up the wrong tree (just as he was when he smeared our Aether Motor demonstration with the absurd charge that we must be inadvertently capturing some RF from power lines and such). First of all, we have never employed AC power to run any of the phases of our Aether Motors. Moreover, as we amply explained to Demeo and have demonstrated by way of a variety of experimental techniques in our published two volumes of Experimental Aetherometry, neither the Aether Motor technology nor Reich's OR Motor technology employ ANY SOURCES OF electrostatic or monopolar electricity - rather, they both employ the capture of nonelectric latent and sensible heats and the conversion of those heats into ambipolar electricity. What sources the motors is Aether energy in its two forms: electric ambipolar, and nonelectric (latent heat).

Demeo will of course continue along, buoyed by the "space-cadet feelings" of Myron Sharaf, holding on to the belief that he can reduce the entire matter of an Aether Motor or Converter to electrostatic potentials plus the Factor Y which he still knows nothing about! Writes Reiter:

"Myron Sharaf (...) insisted that while he did not know what the "Y" was, he certainly felt that it was a physical component or "thing" rather than a wiring scheme or connection geometry" <sup>(9)</sup>.

Yes, they are doing a lot of 'feeling', Demeo & friends. They may as well ask a Ouijee board. Ah, but now that they have embraced one of the Marets as their own, maybe he can tell them a few secrets about the Correias which he once promised to be mum on? Hope springs eternal. After all, this Marett - in the presence of witnesses - was also rewarded with a demonstration of our Aether Motor in 1999...

So, in keeping with the dirt permeating this PP5, Demeo manages to write a rubric on "Renewable, 'Free' energy from Nature" <sup>(11)</sup> where he omits not just our work on plasmas and the Aether Motor, but just about every work deserving of a mention, such as Aspden's, Chernetsky's, Spence's, Shoulders', Graneau's, Mills', not to mention "Cold Fusion". Oh yes, an earlier version of this article was written by Demeo in 1981... Anyway, we have just given him some excellent ideas for a new PP. May the Aether have mercy on his readers.

#### 4. Demeo's two 2001 letters to the authors re his witnessing our demo of the OR and Aether Motors

##### First Letter, by e-mail:

Subject: Thanks

Date: Tue, 15 May 2001 12:16:13 -0700

From: James DeMeo

To: Paulo & Alexandra Correa

Dear Paulo, Alex and Malgosia,

I arrived home late on Monday night, and aside from the airline losing my bag (nothing critical, but a headache), the trip was uneventful.

Thank you all so very much for your hospitality during my visit, and once again, for sharing with me the findings and experiments which are so obviously the product of a lot of hard and focused work. As I said previously, this is the first time in 30 years where I have seen this aspect of Reich's work, with the motor, so clearly demonstrated. And, of course, you have broken into new territory which is pregnant with possibilities. I intend to write you a letter, confirming my trip and your demonstration of the apparatus, which you can use in any manner you wish. Also, if you need to provide an outside reference, please feel free to give my name to persons whom you might wish to have an outside positive opinion of your work.

I've read the two papers you gave, and find myself in very large agreement with only a few small critical points that I can relate to you later on.

Again, seeing the motor turning with the flashing light from the vacuum tube provided a most wonderful [sic] vision into a better future.

Aside from my writing you the letter, please let me know, if there is anything I can do to assist your efforts.

Warm regards,

James

Second Letter (hand signed formal copy sent later)

Dr. Paulo and Alexandra Correa  
Ontario, Canada

22 May 2001

Dear Paulo and Alexandra,

In this letter, I wish to recount my observations during a recent visit to your laboratory on May 12-13. Firstly, let me express my thanks for your personal hospitality and professional openness about what surely is a most controversial set of subjects. As you know -- and I think this is one reason why you invited me -- I have been investigating the subject of Wilhelm Reich's cosmic orgone energy motor and collecting every scrap of information on the subject I could find, since the early 1970s when I firstly heard of the subject. Following my visit to your laboratory, and seeing your various demonstrations, I can state quite openly that you have done more work on this subject than anyone I have ever met, and it surely appears that you have solved the riddle of Reich's undisclosed "Y-Factor", and progressed significantly far on your own to stand at the edge of producing practical applications.

Specifically, your first demonstrations were of the PAGD device, which uses a vacuum tube configuration similar to Reich's (superficially, at least), but with much higher voltage tensions and at only moderated vacuum pressures. One set of batteries created the charge necessary for the PAGD to develop some form of cascade-effect (my words) which was tapped to charge up a second set of batteries. The computer program you developed indicated the energy required to sustain the phenomenon was less than the energy developed from it. On this particular demonstration, I would repeat a suggestion made to you at the lab, that you should try and develop the proper circuitry to make a self-sustaining reaction that would allow the recharging of a single bank of batteries which also would run the process, and simultaneously allow the excess energy to run other apparatus [**The immediatism and ease of this statement shows how Demeo fails to recognize that secondary batteries cannot be charged while being discharged; David Marett also thought that ten years ago, when we first demonstrated to him the PAGD converter under NDA; Jed Rothwell, who is even brighter, still thinks so to this day...**].

While the PAGD demonstration may in fact be the more remarkable development for eventual practical power-production, on a more personal level I found your demonstration in the smaller lab room on the second day to be even more delightful. Here, you showed me several of the "spinner" type motors originally set into motion by orgone energy by Reich, which you were also able to accomplish. The spinning of the motors from the pulsatory energy derived from the vacuum was a marvelous demonstration, and in fact appears to be a much simpler arrangement than the larger PAGD apparatus, since this latter demonstration does not require the large banks of batteries, nor any computer program to tell you something unusual is going on! I observed the spinner motor and vacuum tube as powered by the orgone accumulator, and by antenna with earth-ground, using an electronic circuit which remained undisclosed, but which constituted the Y-factor.



The simultaneous demonstration of the orgone-charged GM tube was almost equally enchanting to observe, as in my own lab, so far I have only observed spurious explosions of counts, or erratic counts, from such charging -- never the smooth effects observed at your lab, where incremental approach of the apparatus to the accumulator yielded incremental increases in the cpm. Along these lines, it might interest you to learn, that upon my return back to Greensprings, the neutron counter I had been charging in the orgone room yielded something approaching several thousand cpm (neutrons only) in a burst that lasted a full three minutes -- something only classically observed inside a nuclear reactor, I imagine. The phenomenon would probably have continued for some additional minutes had I not gotten terribly curious and removed the probe from its hard plastic sphere of moderating material, whereupon the counts immediately ceased, and would not return again after re-insertion of the probe. Such is the nature of these marvelous orgone phenomena. **[What Demeo treasures as "marvellous" is the fact that his observations are irreproducible because he doesn't understand them.]**

Returning back to your own experiments and demonstrations, it seems clear to me, that you should make your best effort to bring these discoveries to the world. I agree with you totally about the incredibly crazy condition of the human species, but as a student of history also can see that even a clear and compelling demonstration and applications program would not automatically find acceptance. People will resist it, much as the airplane was resisted. The darker side of things, I feel you can control by deciding what to release to the public, and what not, and rely upon friends to keep the discovery clear enough to the point that the socially-revolutionary aspects connected with energy- in-space, and with even the social discoveries of Reich, are all carried along with the tide.

Upon returning home, I had a conversation with Eugene Mallove, who also is a supporter of your work, and one of his ideas I found to be excellent. This is, on the assumption you cannot get the full amount of funding you seek for full-scale applications, that with more modest funding, start to make demonstration apparatus, self-contained devices which can be sold to anyone in the public for a fee of several thousand dollars, as examples of a working free-energy device. These would serve several basic functions:

1. The sales would provide some income to yourselves,
2. The demonstration apparatus would attract increasing attention and eventually the larger funding you seek, and
3. It would build your practical experience in getting the things to work under less-than- ideal circumstances.

My own suggestion, in addition to the above, is as follows: Since you now have a patent on the central PAGD device, go ahead and publish the full information about both the PAGD and the orgone-motor Y-factor. Build demonstration devices and even let ordinary tinkerers build them for their own evaluation and home energy production, and start a new revolution in the sciences and in industry, requiring self-builders only to sign a paper saying they will not make commercial ventures without a separate contract with you. I can imagine, you would be totally ignored by industry and science for a time, until some critical persons witnessed the demonstrations, at which point the whole thing would burst upon the social scene. This is my own recommendation, having engaged in this and similar work over the long haul, and seeing too few really concrete advancements.

I am truly positively excited by what you have shown me, and you can give my name and a copy of this letter to any persons who might want an outside independent evaluation. Let me know if there is anything I can do to assist in the development and bringing forward of your work.

With kind regards,

James DeMeo, Ph.D.  
Director

5. A simple demonstration of the diurnal variation of the Aether Motor

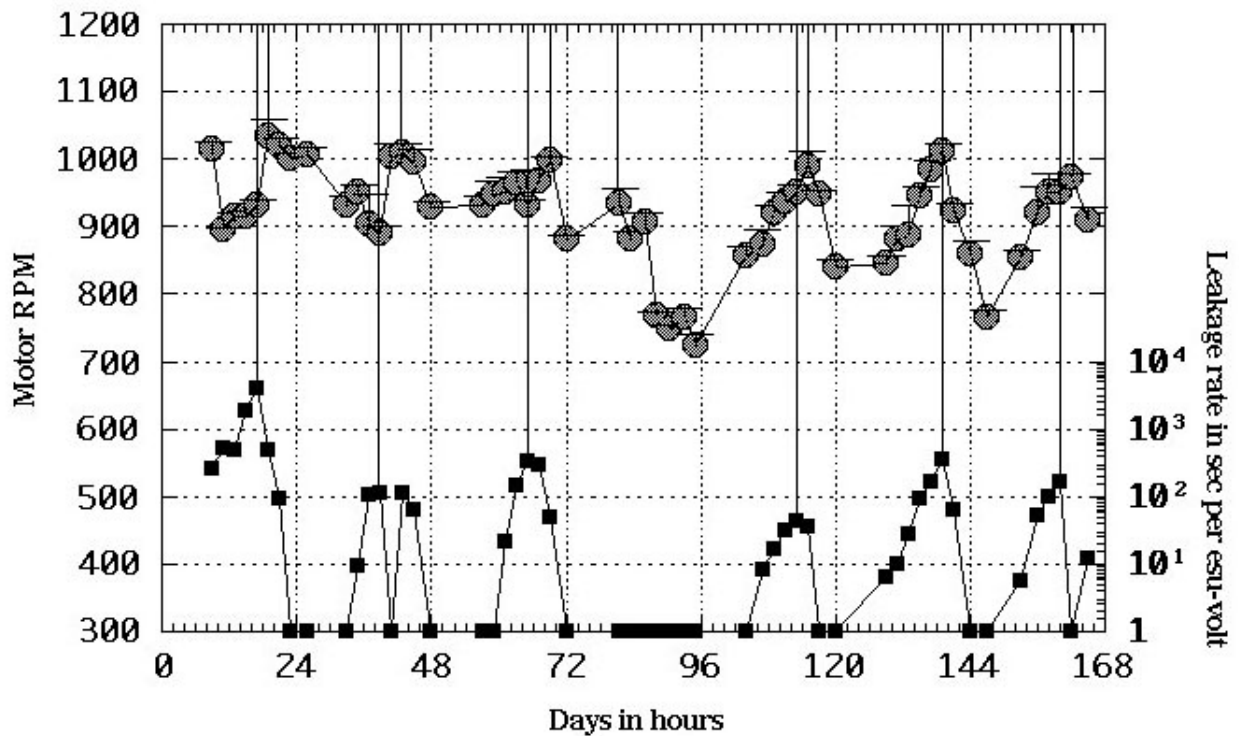


Fig. 7 - Week-long performance of Aether Motor driven from an ORAC (in grey circles), and correlation with the electroscopic discharge curve (leakage shown in closed squares) expressed in sec per esu-volt on the right ordinate. The method only permits identification of tendency to arrest (closed square peaks), but not actual arrests.

Demeo did not just witness the OR/Aether Motor demonstrations - including the experience of driving the Aether Motor from his own body energy (!) - at our laboratory, a year ago; he was also shown incontrovertible evidence that leaves no doubt about the nature of the Aether Motor, including the diurnal variation in its speed. One of the graphs we showed to Demeo at that time is reproduced here as Figure 7: it illustrates this diurnal variation for a week-long test in the early summer of 1999, and clearly demonstrates that all daily peaks of motor speed systematically follow the slowest registered speed of electroscopic leakage (measured by the method of timing the leaf-fall over a 10° angle in the proportional part of the calibration curve), typically in the mid to late afternoon. Notice that on the rainy day (72-96h), the electroscopic discharge was practically instantaneous, and the motor slowed down but kept rotating. Also note that, with respect to the earlier Fig. 3A (the muon results of Poirer et al), it is apparent that the asymmetries increase towards late afternoon in EST, when the muon flux is maximal. Under these very conditions, if there was a link between the muon flux and the speed of electroscopic discharge on sunny days at ground level, we should have observed the very opposite of what is shown in Fig. 7: it would be the troughs in the timed electroscopic discharge curve - not the peaks that tend towards arrest of the discharge - that would coincide with the motor accelerations! Moreover, since the muon effect is asymmetric with respect to charge polarity, one might expect leakage to accelerate more than seepage. Observation, however, teaches otherwise: not only did both leakage and seepage decelerate, but their rate of deceleration was identical. These are final proofs that the Aether Motor is not driven by muons - nor 'neutrinos', which exhibit the same intensity pattern, diurnal variation and asymmetries as muons (et pour cause). Reich's OR Motor and our Aether Motor are driven by massfree energy - 'primordial cosmic energy', whether in nonelectric or ambipolar states - and not from the energy AFTER mass that composes the massbound high-energy cosmic rays and their secondary decay products. The diurnal variation of the Aether Motor is therefore entirely the result of the modulation of solar radiation by the Earth's rotation.

This is ample evidence for the simple fact that the kinetoregenerative phenomenon and the Aether Motor vary in parallel.

Not shown here is another graph where these peaks in motor speed coincide with the highest  $T_o$ -T values registered each day inside the ORAC driving the Aether Motor circuitry.

We have one last request to the reader: forget the professional skeptics who never read Reich, let alone tried to understand him. Like Rothwell, they would not bother with Reich, any more than with Tesla, Nietzsche, Deleuze, Aspden - the entire world of actual thought. Their skepticism is only for show.

Just ask yourself this:

Who conspires against whom? Who betrays signed agreements and friendships? Who glibly suppresses information? Who cares nothing about what is said and written? Who claims science but discards method? Who has been publicly challenged to produce data and references and has come up with none?

**APPENDIX - THE TRIBULATED HISTORY OF REICH'S SPINNER MOTOR(S)**

by Paulo Correa, MSc, PhD

"You hold your life in your hands, don't entrust it to anyone else, least of all to your chosen leaders."  
W. Reich

This is an archeological note on the tribulated fate of a spinner motor that Reich once owned, and with which he conducted his Orgone Motor demonstrations. The story begins with a passage in our 1996 "Correa-Reich Affair" where we argue that Douglas Marett should by then have been well aware of the nature of the KS-9154 motor as an eddy-current spinner, since Gary Mann had told us and Prof. Mann, back in 1979, that he had disassembled the motor in question, etc, etc. Given that we had recounted this information to Marett, he already knew, in principle (see ahead), all there was to know about this Western Electric motor well before he went to Orgonon in 1984, at which time he, too, disassembled the KS-9154, as well as the KS-8624 that Reich also owned. At the very least, the Gary Mann story established that someone, before Marett, had already disassembled one of the same motors. What we did not yet know was just how many others had done so before him!

One more word of introduction is in order - regarding an altogether different topic that becomes incidental to our story. For years, there has been a severe dispute between a fellow named Joel Carlinsky and James Demeo, regarding the cloudbusting practices of the latter. Carlinsky poses as a competitor of Demeo and has once claimed to me to have been the only certified orgonomist ever "issued" by Eva Reich, for all that that's worth. In his attacks on Demeo, he claimed that Demeo did not follow Reich's protocols in cloudbusting (he may well be right on this), and went as far as ascribing to Demeo the responsibility for a series of deaths following a cloudbusting operation in Africa. Carlinsky presents himself as a defender of Reich's work on cloudbusting against the ecological disasters he claims to have been brought on by "irresponsible practices" such as those of which he accuses Demeo. Demeo, argues Carlinsky, suffers from the "Reich complex", and Carlinsky wants to expose him, doggedly pursuing Demeo at various public conferences. Demeo, on the other hand, is convinced that he has done nothing wrong with his cloudbusting experiments - much on the contrary. We are now very inclined to agree with Demeo that his cloudbusting could not have done anything wrong or harmful - simply because it is in fact most unlikely to have done anything at all. Furthermore, Demeo has openly suggested that Carlinsky is acting for the government (a "CSISOP agent") with the purpose of discrediting "orgonomy" and, most specifically, Demeo's work in cloudbusting. When the now defunct Spoon Collective Orgonomy Mailing List (OML) carried Carlinsky's attacks, back in February of 1996, an intense war of arguments ensued, which finally (on December, 23 1996) resulted in a decision on the part of the listowner to close down the list. This controversy was in full

swing on November 10, 1996, the day when Douglas Marett first released on his homepage the article on our work that we ultimately rebutted in "The Correa-Reich Affair".

On November 15, 1996 - five days after Marett published his article - Carlinsky (of whom we had never heard before) telephoned Labofex "to talk to Dr. Correa". On the 17th, he tried again and explained (without quoting Marett's homepage) that he wanted to know "if the Correas had discovered the secret of the Orgone Motor". At the time of Carlinsky's second call, we had just been made aware of Marett's ongoing campaign against us through a fax from M. Carrell. We dryly told Carlinsky that the PAGD/IVAD technology had nothing to do with Reich's Orgone Motor.

As we started to look around on the Web, we soon realized that Marett had posted on his own homepage a link to Demeo's homepage, and that Demeo also figured on the recipient list of a disinformation email that Colin Quinney posted to the Vortex list in support of Marett's article. Furthermore, we had heard over the years that Marett was in some form of contact with Demeo. So when we stumbled upon the OML records of the Carlinsky dispute with Demeo, and a request from Marett for more information on the same, I decided (on December 11) to call back Carlinsky and to find out more about this sordid mess.

As a result of this conversation, I wound up talking to Carlinsky again a few days later (on December 16), shortly after our own web page, containing the "Correa-Reich Affair", was released. First, he offered that he had taken upon himself to inquire with Moray B. King as to whether there was a connection between our discoveries and the Vacor work of Reich, and that Moray had told him absolutely not. Next, Carlinsky informed me that he had already read our article, and wanted to ask me a question regarding the Gary Mann story which we related there. The question was whether I could be sure that the motor that Gary Mann had examined was the KS-9154. I told him that I had no way to ascertain this, that this was solely what Gary Mann had said at the time. Then he asked if I knew how Gary Mann had obtained his motor, and I told him that I thought it had come from one of the Bakers. He wondered if I remembered when this had supposedly happened, and I told him that as far as I could remember it might have been in the 1973-5 period. I asked Carlinsky for an explanation of why he was making these questions, and he volunteered that he had just phoned Gary Mann who did in fact confirm the story as we related it, except for the simple fact that Gary denied that the motor was the KS-9154! In light of what Gary had told us in 1979 I thought this to be a blatant lie, and I told Carlinsky so. But I was not exactly ready for what was to come. First Carlinsky asked me whether the Baker in question was Ellsworth or Courtney, the son. I was not sure, though Courtney was my recollection. At this point the fellow interrupted me:

"You don't really know who you're talking to, do you?"

"No more than you do. We are both unknown to each other."

"Well, it was I who stole the motor from the museum and gave it to Courtney Baker who in turn, I believe, from what you have just told me, passed it along to Gary Mann. I believe what you've just told me is true and that Gary Mann is lying for obvious reasons, as he doesn't want to put in jeopardy Courtney's trust in him, nor does Courtney wish it to be known that he had the motor for a while before it was finally returned to the museum and the custody of Higgins."

This was quite a stunning revelation, so I insisted on further confirmation:

"So, in fact, it was the KS-9154?"

"Yes, it was. The very same motor."

"So what did you do with the motor? Did you disassemble it? "

"Yes I did and I had it examined by different people."

"Are you knowledgeable about motors?"

"No, not really."

"Were those who you took the motor to knowledgeable about motors?"

Here Carlinsky explained that he first took his loot to a local shop specializing in the repair of ordinary electric motors. He volunteered that the motor had been analyzed by the senior technician and was deemed to be an hysteresis motor. I asked him whether the technician in question had opened the motor and he said he did, and that he even tested it with a magnet. When I asked him whether there was any reaction to the magnet, he first gave a categorical no. I retorted that if that was the case, it could never have been an hysteresis motor. Carlinsky came back arguing that this very fact had puzzled the technician but that the man had concluded that the rotor was made of aluminum. Carlinsky was insistent on pursuing his story without my constant interruptions and he put the emphasis on the fact that both this motor technician and another technician, XXXX, who "works for local TV Channel 22", had been very puzzled by the construction of the motor. Pointedly, I asked Carlinsky whether either technician had measured the resistance of the coils, but he could not recall. Clearly, Carlinsky knew nothing of motor technology, even though he had taken it upon himself to steal the motor Reich had used. I pushed him by making him see that every hysteresis motor will have a permanent magnet mounted over an aluminum core and thus, if the reaction to the magnet was negative, there was no way the motor could have been an hysteresis motor. Then I noted to him that this agreed precisely with the observations relayed to us by Gary Mann: the rotor was made of solid aluminum, not of any permanent magnet material. But what had become apparent was that many before Douglas Marett had managed to open Reich's motor (in fact Douglas Marett only succeeded in completely opening the KS-8624 Motor, apparently because the tape on the wires of the KS-9154 was placed so that the stator elements could not be pulled apart to expose the rotor). And many others had stuck their fingers in it looking for the key to the enigma of free energy - as if the key lay encrusted in a piece of metal awaiting the greediest seeker. To find out just how many we could count, I asked Carlinsky:

"So, let me get this straight. How many people have opened and taken this motor apart?"

"Well, I took it apart myself."

"...and so did the technician you took it to as well as Mr. XXXX?"

"Yes."

"And then Courtney Baker?"

"Yes"

"And then Gary Mann. That means that at least 5 people before Marett have opened this Western Electric motor"

In fact, I thought it probable that Courtney Baker had taken it to at least another 2 "experts", if not more. I pressed Carlinsky further for details and queried him as to why he did not write something on the subject. Carlinsky invoked the Statute of Limitations and commented, mysteriously -

"This stuff is still going on!"

I pressed further as to his motives for stealing the motor in the first place. At first, he gave me a reread of the Higgins/Raphael good-cop/bad-cop-routine episode that we narrated in our Correa-Reich Affair: dwelling on his intolerance of Raphael's attempt to psychoanalyze him, Carlinsky admitted that "in his youth he did a lot of silly things" trying to get a hold of as much of Reich's stuff as he could. Then, when pressed even more strongly, he made another candid admission:

"What you don't know is that I have been charged with burglarizing Orgonon."

"What do you mean? Somebody put you up to it?"

"Yes, I was young then."

"Well, why don't you come clean with it?"

"One day, one day, but it's still going on."

"Who put you up to it?"

"I cannot say any more."

"Well, not so fast- was this government?"

"No, no, no..."

"Then, what - the Church of Scientology?"

"No, even though I too was involved with them also at a time."



"Factions struggling for control inside of orgonomy?"

"Yes, something like that. I cannot say any more."

"Did Eva Reich put you up to it?"

"No, no, no...By then I was no longer involved with Eva."

Later in the conversation, I tried to get back to this topic but to no avail. Clearly, however, Carlinsky felt that our description of the Gary Mann episode had touched a key whose true history he was anxious to reveal to me.

But the real punchline of this story lies outside of the story itself. As we now know, of the two motors that Reich owned, only the KS-8624 has an aluminum rotor. The KS-9154 rotor was made of copper. Thus, Carlinsky stole the wrong motor from the Reich Museum: instead of the famed KS-9154 that Reich used for his Orgone Motor demonstrations, Carlinsky stole the KS-8624. Hence, also, Gary Mann was right when he later corrected himself, in 1996, by telling Carlinsky that the motor he had disassembled was not the KS-9154. The object that all these people, in greatest hush, coveted, labored to obtain, passed to each other and took to experts to examine, in the hope of discovering the Key to Reich's Secret, was not at all the one they thought Reich's Secret was associated with.

Even more amusing, however, is the fact that, for purposes of response to ambipolar energy synchronous with pulsed plasma discharges - as we will demonstrate with video, very shortly, in Berlin, at the Binnotec 2002 Conference - the better of the two motors is the KS-8624. The irony is complete: the wrong motor they were chasing was...the right motor, after all.

Maybe what had moved Carlinsky or Baker or Marett (or still others) in this story is not all that different from what has moved me in my own interest in Reich's work. But these people seem to act as if possession of a talisman could help them decode the knowledge they neither possess nor understand nor, what is perhaps yet more fundamental, really desire to understand. They are satisfied to know nothing about motors - not even the most elementary things - but hope to be granted a sudden revelation if they manage to lay their hands on the sacred relic, soaked with the Master's mystique. In part at least, one might regard this syndrome as a result of both Reich having willed in his testament a 50 year period of silence, and Mary Higgins' much misguided custodianship of the archives. Be that as it may, the disciples and followers of Reich seem to have settled, long ago, into a routine of willful ignorance, bitter infighting, intrigues, and disinformation (exemplified by Reiter's apocryphal and disinforming story of the unnamed "thief" in PP5), each behaving as if he was part of an intelligence operation and accusing the others of the same - when, in fact, they pose no threat to the powers that be, which are more than happy to let them carry on exactly as they have been doing. For they do well what they do best on their own - misinform and disinform. The extent of the knowledge these fans of Reich have acquired is entirely based upon the confabulations they imagine they could deduce from the dead bones of Reich. As if the secret of the orgone motor resided in the construction of the Western Electric KS-9154 or KS-8624.

Now that the secret of the OR Motor and the secrets of its improvement - in the form of the Aether Motor solution we have devised - are gradually coming out, these creatures from the shadows should once again be able to return to whence they came. We believe that, on our account alone, Reich has not tumbled in his grave. May we have put an end to the age of mystical Reich fandom, the age of free - and not so free - agents of disinformation. May we have shown unequivocally that the Reichian enemies of Reich's work are servants of Power, and not seekers of knowledge.

## REFERENCES

1. Pulse of the Planet #5, 2002, "Heretic's Notebook", Research Report and Journal of the OBRL, Inc., Ashland, Oregon. Henceforth referred to as PP5, p. 219.
2. PP5, pp. 220-221.
3. Correa, P & Correa, A (2001) "To be done with (An)orgonomists: conversations with (hopefully!) the last one - a complete response to J. Dimeo's attack on Aetherometry", Akronos Publishing, <http://www.aetherometry.com>.
4. Correa, P & Correa, A (2000) "The rediscovery of the orgone motor: (6) AC Spinner motors - from Tesla's first Aether Motor to the Western Electric Spinner Motors, a complete history", Akronos Publishing, ABRI Monograph AS2-21 (Chapter 4 of the present book).
5. PP5, p. 222.
6. PP5, p. 223.
7. Correa, P & Correa, A (1995) "Electromechanical transduction of plasma pulses", USPTO Pat. #5,416,391, May 16.
8. Correa, P & Correa, A (1996) "The Correa-Reich Affair", Akronos Publishing, <http://www.aetherometry.com>.
9. PP5, p. 224.
10. PP5, p. 225.
11. PP5, p. 227.



